§ 404.317

is not available, months before March 1995, and months for which your benefit payments were suspended for any reason. Benefits to your dependents may continue after the 36 months of benefits if, but for the operation of this paragraph, you would otherwise be entitled to benefits based on disability. The 36-month limit is no longer effective for benefits for months beginning after September 2004.

(f) If drug addiction or alcoholism is a contributing factor material to the determination of disability as described in §404.1535 and your disability benefits are suspended for 12 consecutive months because of your failure to comply with treatment requirements, your disability benefits will be terminated effective the first month after such 12-month period. Benefits to your dependents may continue after the 12-month period if, but for the operation of this paragraph, you would otherwise be entitled to benefits based on disability.

[44 FR 34481, June 15, 1979, as amended at 47 FR 31542, July 21, 1982; 47 FR 52693, Nov. 23, 1982; 49 FR 22270, May 29, 1984; 51 FR 17617, May 14, 1986; 60 FR 8145, Feb. 10, 1995]

§ 404.317 Disability benefit amounts.

Your monthly benefit is equal to the primary insurance amount. This amount is computed under the rules in subpart C as if it were an old-age benefit, and as if you were 62 years old at the beginning of the 5-month waiting period mentioned in §404.315(d). If the 5-month waiting period is not required because of your previous entitlement, your primary insurance amount is figured as if you were 62 years old when you become entitled to benefits this time. Your monthly benefit amount may be reduced if you receive workmen's compensation payments before you become 62 years old as described in §404.408. Your benefits may also be reduced if you were entitled to other retirement-age benefits before you became 65 years old.

§ 404.320 Who is entitled to a period of disability.

(a) *General*. A period of disability is a continuous period of time during which you are disabled. If you become disabled, you may apply to have our

records show how long your disability lasts. You may do this even if you do not qualify for disability benefits. If we establish a period of disability for you, the months in that period of time will not be counted in figuring your average earnings. If benefits payable on your earnings record would be denied or reduced because of a period of disability, the period of disability will not be taken into consideration.

- (b) Who is entitled. You are entitled to a period of disability if you meet all the following conditions:
- (1) You have or had a disability as defined in § 404.1505.
- (2) You are *insured for disability*, as defined in §404.130 in the calendar quarter in which you became disabled, or in a later calendar quarter in which you were disabled.
- (3) You file an application while disabled, or no later than 12 months after the month in which your period of disability ended. If you were unable to apply within the 12-month period after your period of disability ended because of a physical or mental condition as described in §404.322, you may apply not more than 36 months after the month your disability ended.
- (4) At least 5 consecutive months go by from the month in which your period of disability begins and before the month in which it would end.

[44 FR 34481, June 15, 1979, as amended at 48 FR 21930, May 16, 1983; 51 FR 10616, Mar. 28, 1986]

§ 404.321 When a period of disability begins and ends.

(a) When a period of disability begins. Your period of disability begins on the day your disability begins if you are insured for disability on that day. If you are not insured for disability on that day, your period of disability will begin on the first day of the first calender quarter after your disability began in which you become insured for disability. Your period of disability may not begin after you become 65 years old.

(b) When disability ended before December 1, 1980. Your period of disability ends on the last day of the month before the month in which you become 65 years old or, if earlier, the last day of the second month following the month in which your disability ended.

- (c) When disability ends after November 1980. Your period of disability ends with the close of whichever of the following is the earliest—
- (1) The month before the month in which you become 65 years old;
- (2) The month immediately preceding your termination month (§ 404.325); or
- (3) If you perform substantial gainful activity during the 15-month period following the end of your trial work period, the last month for which you received benefits.
- (d) When drug addiction or alcoholism is a contributing factor material to the determination of disability. (1) Your entitlement to receive disability benefit payments ends the month following the month in which, regardless of the number of entitlement periods you may have had based on disability where drug addiction or alcoholism is a contributing factor material to the determination of disability (as described in § 404.1535)—
- (i) You have received a total of 36 months of disability benefits. Not included in these 36 months are months in which treatment for your drug addiction or alcoholism is not available, months before March 1995, and months for which your benefits were suspended for any reason; or
- (ii) Your benefits have been suspended for 12 consecutive months because of your failure to comply with treatment requirements.
- (2) For purposes other than payment of your disability benefits, your period of disability continues until the termination month as explained in §404.325.

[49 FR 22271, May 29, 1984, as amended at 60 FR 8145, Feb. 10, 1995]

§ 404.322 When you may apply for a period of disability after a delay due to a physical or mental condition.

If because of a physical or mental condition you did not apply for a period of disability within 12 months after your period of disability ended, you may apply not more than 36 months after the month in which your disability ended. Your failure to apply within the 12-month time period will be considered due to a physical or mental condition if during this time—

(a) Your physical condition limited your activities to such an extent that

you could not complete and sign an application; or

(b) You were mentally incompetent.

§ 404.325 The termination month.

If you do not have a disabling impairment, your termination month is the third month following the month in which your impairment is not disabling even if it occurs during the trial work period or the reentitlement period. If you continue to have a disabling impairment and complete 9 months of trial work, your termination month will be the third month following the earliest month you perform substantial gainful activity or are determined able to perform substantial gainful activity but in no event earlier than the first month after the 15th month following the end of your trial work period.

Example: You complete your trial work period in December 1980. You are then working at the substantial gainful activity level and continue to do so throughout the 15 months following completion of your trial work period and thereafter. Your termination month will be April 1982, which is the 16th month—that is, the first month in which you performed substantial gainful activity after the 15th month following your trial work period.

Example: You complete your trial work period in December 1980 but you are not able to work at the substantial gainful activity level until December 1982. Your termination month will be March 1983—that is, the third month after the earliest month you perform or are determined able to perform substantial gainful activity.

[49 FR 22271, May 29, 1984]

BENEFITS FOR SPOUSES AND DIVORCED SPOUSES

§ 404.330 Who is entitled to wife's or husband's benefits.

You are entitled to benefits as the wife or husband of an insured person who is entitled to old-age or disability benefits if—

- (a) You are the insured's wife or husband based upon a relationship described in §§ 404.345 through 404.346 and one of the following conditions is met:
- (1) Your relationship to the insured as a wife or husband has lasted at least 1 year. (You will be considered to meet the 1-year duration requirement throughout the month in which the